

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A mobile station in a CDMA communication system, the mobile station comprising:

a plurality of finger sections in each of which each of plural radio waves being arrived from a base station through a plurality of paths is inversely spread to regenerate data from said base station; and

a finger allocating section for allocating a path timing corresponding to each peak position of said plurality of radio waves to each of said plurality of finger sections, each of said plurality of radio waves being inversely spread in a path tracking range among segments positioned before and after the path timing allocated by said finger allocating section, said path tracking range ~~being variable~~ in each of said plurality of finger sections being variably determined based on the respective distances between peak positions of said plurality of radio waves, said path tracking range being broadened when said distances are large, and said path tracking range being narrowed when said distances are small, and said path timing range being independently determined for each of said plurality of finger section.

2. (Previously Presented) A mobile station in a CDMA communication system as claimed in claim 1, wherein: said finger allocating section instructs said path tracking range with respect to each of said plurality of finger sections; and each of said plurality of finger sections makes variable said path tracking range on the basis of the instruction by said finger allocating section.

3. (Canceled)

4. (Previously Presented) A mobile station in a CDMA communication system as claimed in claim 3, further comprising:

an antenna for receiving a plurality of radio waves being arrived from said base station through said plurality of paths;

an RF section for converting the plurality of radio waves received by said antenna into analog base band signals;

an A/D section for converting the analog base band signals converted by said RF section into digital base band signals;

a delay profile section for inversely spreading the digital base band signals converted by said A/D section in every predetermined periods of time to detect the respective peaks of said plurality of radio waves; and

a rake synthesizing section for synthesizing data regenerated in each of said plurality of finger sections; said finger allocating section allocates a path timing corresponding to each peak position of the plurality of radio waves detected by said delay profile section to each of said plurality of finger sections, and further decides said path tracking range in each of said plurality of finger sections on the basis of each of distances of peak positions in the plurality of radio waves detected by said delay profile section; besides, each of said plurality of finger sections spreads inversely the digital base band signals converted by said A/D section within a path tracking range decided by said finger allocating section among segments positioned before and after each of path timings allocated by said finger allocating section, whereby data from said base station is regenerated.

5. (Currently Amended) A method for allocating a finger of a mobile station in CDMA communication system involving a plurality of finger sections for spreading inversely each of a plurality of radio waves being arrived from a base station through a plurality of paths to generate data from said base station, comprising the steps of:

detecting each peak of said plurality of radio waves to allocate a path timing corresponding to each peak of the positions detected to each of said plurality of finger sections; and

deciding a path tracking range independently for each of said plurality of finger sections, said plurality of radio waves being inversely spread within said path tracking range among segments positioned before and after said path timing in each of said plurality of finger sections, said path tracking range in each of said plurality of finger sections being ~~variable~~ variably determined based on the respective distances between peak positions of said plurality of radio waves, said path tracking range being broadened when said distances are large, and said path tracking range being narrowed when said distances are small.

6. (Canceled)